

## Number: Sets and operations – Suggestions for children’s learning

### The child has opportunities to...

#### Understand and connect

- sort a variety of materials into sets according to specific criteria, e.g., *today we are sorting the toy vehicles by type of vehicle.*
- subitise (i.e. look at a small number of objects and recognise how many there are without counting) the number of objects in a set, e.g., *how many dots can you see on my paper plate?*
- identify and represent numbers in different ways, e.g., *dot representations of prime/ composite numbers.*
- make links between the four operations, e.g., *multiplication and repeated addition:  $12 \times 3$  is the same as  $12+12+12$ .*
- use known facts to recall more complex facts, e.g.,  $6 \times 12 = 6 \times 10 (60) + 6 \times 2 (12) = 72$ .



- describe the process of sorting and justify selection criteria using appropriate language, e.g., *all the rectangles go in this set because they are thin.*
- listen to, compare and discuss other children’s mathematical descriptions of sets and operations.
- represent their understanding of sets and operations in different ways, e.g., *division as sharing.*
- explain the rules governing prime and composite numbers and illustrate understanding.
- model and/or describe a variety of ways to generate multiples and factors.



#### Communicate

#### Reason

- differentiate between sets based on their quantity, e.g., *the red set has more in it than the blue set.*
- use estimation to calculate sums, differences, products and quotients of whole numbers.
- evaluate the efficiency of their mental strategies for operations and rank in terms of efficiency.
- create conjectures based on their investigations, e.g., *when you add two even numbers together, the answer is even.*
- express generalisations using words and symbols, e.g.,  $4 \times 6 = 24$  so  $24 \div 6 = 4$  and  $24 \div 4 = 6$ .



- demonstrate an awareness of objects being introduced or taken away from a set.
- order sets of objects according to their quantity.
- explore calculations in which the ideas developed for whole-number calculation do not apply, e.g., *fraction and decimal computation.*
- apply and use mental strategies and procedures for carrying out tasks, e.g., *using known facts, rounding and estimating etc.*
- apply knowledge of the four operations to real-world situations.



#### Apply and problem-solve